# CHARACTER 7-

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# METHODIST.

Not as tho' I had already attained.



### DUBLIN:

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TO THE

## READER.

World, many have been at a Loss to know what a Methodist is: What are the Principles and the Practice of those, who are commonly called by that Name; and what the distinguishing Marks of this Sect, which is every where spoken against.

2. And it being generally believed, that I was able to give the clearest Account of these Things (as having been one of the first to whom that Name was given, and the Person by whom the rest were supposed to be directed) I have been called upon, in all manner of Ways, and with the utmost Earnestness, so to do: I yield at last to the continued Importunity both of Friends and Enemies: And do now give the clearest Account I can, in the Presence of the Lord and Judge of Heaven and Earth, of the Principles and Practice whereby those who are called Methodists, are distinguished from other Men.

3. I fay, those who are called Methodists; for let it be well observed, that this is not a Name which they take to themselves, but one fixt upon them by Way of Reproach, without their Approbation or Consent. It was first given to three or four young Men at Oxford,

#### To the READER.

by a Student of Christ-Church: Either in Allusion to the ancient Sect of Physicians so called (from their teaching, that almost all diseases might be cured by a Specifick Method of Diet and Exercise) or from their observing a more regular Method of Study and Behaviour, than was usual with those of their Age and Station.

4. I shall still rejoice (so little ambitious am I to be at the Head of any Sect or Party) if the very Name might never be mentioned more, but be buried in eternal Oblivion. But if that cannot be, at least, let those who will use it, know the meaning of the Word they use. Let us not always be fighting in the Dark. Come, and let us look one another in the Face. And perhaps some of you who hate what I am called, may love what I am (by the Grace of GOD:) Or, rather what I follow after, if that I may apprehend that, for which also I am apprehended of CHRIST JESUS.

JOHN WESLEY,

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## The CHARACTER of a METHODIST.

HE distinguishing Marks of a METHODIST are not His Opinions of any Sort. His affenting to This or That Scheme of Religion, his embracing any particular Set of Notions, his espousing the Judgment of one Man or of another, are all quite wide of the Point. Whosoever therefore imagines, that a Methodift is, A Man of fuch and fuch an Opinion, is grofly ignorant of the whole Affair; he mistakes the Truth totally. We believe indeed, That all Scripture is given by inspiration of GOD; and herein we are distinguished from Jews, Turks, and Infidels. We believe this written Word of GOD to be the only and sufficient Rule, both of Christian Faith and Practice; and herein we are fundamentally diftinguished from those of the Romish Church. We believe CHRIST to be the Eternal Supreme GOD; and herein are we distinguished from the Socinians and Arians. But as to all Opinions which do not strike at the Root of Christianity, we think and let think. So that whatfoever they are, whether right or wrong, they are no distinguishing Marks of a Methodist.

2. Neither are Words or Phrases of any Sort. do not place our Religion, or any Part of it, in being attach'd to any Peculiar Mode of Speaking, any Quaint or Uncommon Set of Expressions. The most obvious, easy, common Words, wherein our Meaning can be conveyed, we prefer before others, both on ordinary Occasions, and when we speak of the Things of GOD. We never therefore willingly or defignedly deviate from the most usual Way of speaking; unless when we express Scripture Truths in Scripture Words, (which we presume, no Christian will condemn.) Neither do we affect to use any particular Expressions of Scripture, more frequently than others, unless they are such as are more frequently used by the Inspired Writers themselves. So that it is as gross an Error, to place the Marks of a Methodist in his Words, as in Opinions of any Sort.

3. Nor do we desire to be distinguished, by Actions, Customs, or Usages of an indifferent Nature. Our Religion does not lie in doing what God has not enjoin'd, or abstaining from what he hath not forbidden. It does not lie in the Form of our Apparel, in the Posture

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### The Character of a Methodist.

of our Body, or the covering of our Heads: Nor yet in abstaining from Marriage, nor from Meats and Drinks, which are all good, if received with Thankf-giving. Therefore neither will any Man who knows whereof he affirms, fix the Mark of a Methodist here; in any Actions or Customs purely indifferent, undeter-

mined by the Word of GOD.

4. Nor, lastly is he to be distinguish'd by laying the whole Stress of Religion on any Single Part of it. If you fay, "Yes he is; for he thinks we are faved by Faith alone:" I answer, You do not understand the Terms. By Salvation he means, Holine's of Heart and Life. And this he affirms to spring from True FAITH ALONE. Can even a nominal Christian deny it? Is this placing a Part of Religion for the Whole? Do we then make woid the Law thro' Faith? God forbid! Yea we establish the Law. We do not place the Whole of Religion (as too many do, God knoweth) either in doing no Harm, or in doing Good, or in using the Ordinances of God. No, nor in all of them together; wherein we know by Experience a Man may labour many Years, and at the End have no True Religion at all, no more than he had at the Beginning. less in any One of These; or, it may be in a Scrap of one of them: Like her who fancies herself a virtuous Woman, only because she is not a Prostitute; or him who dreams he is an bonest Man, merely because he does not rob or steal. May the LORD GOD of my Fathers preserve me, from such a poor, starved Religion as This! Were This the Mark of a Methodift, I would fooner chuse to be a fincere Jew, Turk, or Pagan.
5. "What then is the Mark? Who is a Methodist,

5. "What then is the Mark? Who is a Methodist, according to your own Account?" I answer: A Methodist is one, who has the Love of God shed abroad in his Heart, by the Holy Ghost given unto him: One who loves the Lord his God with all his Heart, and with all his Soul, and with all his Mind, and with all his Strength. GOD is the Joy of his Heart, and the Desire of his Soul; which is constantly crying out, "Whom have I in Heaven but Thee, and there is none upon Earth that I desire beside Thee! My God and my All! Thou art the Strength of my Heart, and my Portion for ever!"

6. He is therefore happy in God, yea always happy,

Body

as having in him a Well of Water, Springing up into everlasting Life, and overstowing his Soul with Peace and Joy. Perfect Love having now cast out Fear, he rejoices evermore. He rejoices in the LORD always, even in God bis Saviour: And in the Father through our Lord JESUS CHRIST, by whom he bath now received the Attonement. Having found Redemption thro' his Blood, the Forgiveness of bis Sins, he cannot but rejoice whenever he looks back on the horrible Pit out of which he is delivered. when he fees all his Transgressions blotted out as a Cloud, and his Iniquities as a thick Cloud. He cannot but rejoice, whenever he looks on the State wherein he now is, being justified freely, and having Peace with Gop. thro' our LORD JESUS CHRIST. For, be that believeth bath the Witness of this in himself: Being now the Son of God by Faith; because be is a Son, God bath fent forth the Spirit of his Son into his Heart, crying out Abba, Pather! And the Spirit itself beareth Witness with his Spirit, that he is a child of Gop. He rejoiceth also, whenever he looks forward, in hope of the Glory that shall be revealed: Yea, this his Joy is full, and all his bones cry out, Bleffed be the God and Father of our LORD JESUS CHRIST, who according to his abundant Mercy bath begotten me again to a living Hope - of an Inheritance incorruptible, undefiled, and that fadeth not away, reserved in Heaven for me.

7. And he who hath this Hope, thus full of Immortality, in every thing giveth Thanks: As knowing that this (whatfoever it is) is the Will of GOD in CHRIST [ESUS concerning him. From Him therefore he chearfully receives All, faying, Good is the Will of the LORD: And whether the LORD giveth or taketh away, equally bleffing the Name of the LORD. For he hath learned in whatfoever State be is, therewith to be content. He knoweth both how to be abased, and how to abound. Every where and in all Things he is instructed, both to be full and to be hungry, both to abound and to suffer Need. Whether in Ease or Pain, whether in Sickness or Health. whether in Life or Death, he giveth Thanks from the Ground of the Heart to Him who orders it for Good: Knowing that as every Good Gift cometh from above, so none but Good can come from the Father of Lights, into whose Hand he has wholly committed his Body and Soul, as into the Hands of a faithful Creator. He is therefore careful (anxiously or uneasily careful) for nothing: As having cast all his Care on Him that careth for him, and in all Things resting on Him, after making

bis Request known to Him with Thanksgiving.

8. For indeed he prays without ceasing. It is given him always to pray, and not to faint. Not that he is always in the House of Prayer; tho' he neglects no Opportunity of being there. Neither is he always on his Knees, altho' he often is, or on his Face, before the LORD his GOD. Nor yet is he always crying aloud to God, or calling upon him in Words. For many times the Spirit maketh intercession for him with Groans that cannot be utter'd: But at all times the language of his Heart is this, " Thou Brightness of the eternal Glory, " unto thee is my Mouth, tho' without a Voice, and " my Silence speaketh unto thee." And this is true Prayer, The lifting up the Heart to God. This is the Effence of Prayer, and this alone. But his Heart is ever lifted up to God, at all Times, and in all Places. In this he is never hindered, much less interrupted, by any Person or Thing. In Retirement, or Company, in Leifure, Business, or Conversation, his heart is ever with the LORD. Whether he lie down or rife up, GoD is in all his Thoughts; he walks with GOD continually, having the loving Eye of his mind fix'd upon Him, and every where seeing him that is invisible.

9. And while he thus always exercises his Love to God, by Prayer without ceasing, rejoicing evermore, and in every thing giving Thanks, this Commandment is written in his Heart, that he who loweth God, love his Brother also. And he accordingly loves his Neighbour as himself; he loves every Man as his own Soul. His Heart is full of Love to all Mankind, to every Child of the Father of the Spirits of all Flesh. That a Man is not personally known to him, is no Bar to his Love: No, nor that he is known to be such as he approves not, that he repays Hatred for his Good-will. For he loves his Enemies, yea and the Enemies of GoD; the Evil and the Unthankful. And if it be not in his Power to do Good to them that hate him, yet he ceases. not to pray for them, tho' they continue to fourn his. Love, and still despitefully use him and persecute him.

10. For he is Pure in Heart. The Love of God has purified his Heart from all Revengeful Passions, from Envy, Malice, and Wrath, from every unkind Temper or malign Affection. It hath cleansed him from Pride and Haughtiness of Spirit, whereof alone cometh Contention. And he hath now put on Bowels of Mercy, Kindness, Humbleness of Mind, Meckness, Longfuffering. So that he forbears and forgives, if he had a Quarrel against any; even as GOD for CHRIST's fake bath forgiven bim. And indeed all possible Ground for Contention, on his Part, is utterly cut off. For none can take from him what he defires; feeing he loves not the World, nor any of the Things of the World; being now crucified to the World, and the World crucified to him; being dead to all that is in the World, both to the Lust of the Flesh, the Lust of the Eye, and the Pride of Life. For all his Desire is unto God, and to the Remembrance of his Name.

Defign of his Life, namely, not to do his own Will, but the Will of Him that fent him. His One Intention at all Times and in all Things is, Not to please himself, but Him whom his Soul loveth. He has a Single Eye. And because his Eye is Single, his whole Body is full of Light. Indeed where the Loving Eye of the Soul is continually fix'd upon God, there can be no Darkness at all, but the whole is Light; as when the bright shining of a Candle doth enlighten the House. God then reigns alone. All that is in the Soul is Holiness to the Lord. There is not a Motion in his Heart, but is according to his Will. Every Thought that arises points to Him,

and is in Obedience to the Law of CHRIST.

12. And the Tree is known by its Fruits: For as he loves God, so be keeps his Commandments. Not only Some, or Most of them, but All, from the Least to the Greatest. He is not content to keep the whole Law, and offend in One Point; but has in all Points, a Conscience woid of Offence, towards God and towards Man. Whatever God has forbidden, he avoids; whatever God has enjoin'd, he doth: And that, whether it be little or great, hard or easy, joyous or grievous to the Flesh. He runs the Ways of God's Commandments, now he hath set his Heart at Liberty. It is his Glory and Joy

So to do; it is his daily Crown of Rejoicing, To do the Will of God on Earth, as it is done in Heaven; knowing it is the highest Privilege of the Angels of God, of those that excel in Strength, To fulfil his Commandments,

and bearken to the Voice of his Word.

13. All the Commandments of God he accordingly keeps, and that with all his Might. For his Obedience is in proportion to his Love, the Source from whence it flows. And therefore, loving God with all his Heart, he ferves Him with all his Strength. He continually presents his Soul and Body, a living Sacrifice, holy, acceptable to God, entirely, and without Reserve devoting himself, all he bas, and all he is, to his Glory. All the Talents he has receiv'd, he constantly employs, according to his Master's Will; every Power and Faculty of his Soul, every Member of his Body. Once he yielded them unto Sin and the Devil, as Instruments of Unrighteousness: But now, being alive from the Dead, he yields them all, as Instruments of Righteousness and God.

14. By Consequence, whatsoever he doth, it is all to the Glory of God. In all his Employments of every kind, he not only aims at this, (which is implied in having a Single Eye) but actually attains it. His Business and Refreshments, as well as his Prayers, all serve to this great End. Whether he sit in his House or walk by the Way, whether he lie down or rise up, he is promoting in all he speaks or does, the One Business of his Life: Whether he put on his Apparel, or labour, or eat and drink, or divert himself from too wasting Labour, it all tends to advance the Glory of God, by Peace and Good-will among Men. His one invariable Rule is this, Whatsoever ye do in Word or Deed, do it all in the Name of the LORD JESUS, giving Thanks to GOD and the Father by Him.

15. Nor do the Customs of the World at all hinder his running the Race which is set before him. He knows, that Vice does not lose its Nature, though it become ever so fashionable; and remembers, That every Man is to give an Account of himself to GOD. He cannot therefore, even follow a Multitude to do Evil: He cannot fare sumptuously every Day, or make Provision for the Flesh to fulfil the Lusts thereof. He cannot lay up Treasures upon Earth, no more than he can take Fire into

Names

his Bosom. He cannot adorn himself (on any Pretence) with Gold or costly Apparel. He cannot join in, or countenance any Diversion, which has the least Tendency to Vice of any kind. He cannot speak Evil of his Neighbour, no more than he can lie, either for GOD or Man. He cannot utter an unkind word of any one; for Love keeps the Door of his Lips. He cannot speak idle Words; No corrupt Communication ever comes out of his Mouth; as is all that which is not good, to the Use of Edifying, not sit to minister Grace to the Hearers. But what soever Things are justly of good Report, he thinks and speaks, and acts, adorning the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ in all Things.

Men; unto Neighbours and Strangers, Friends and Enemies. And that, in every possible kind; not only to their Bodies, by feeding the Hungry, cloathing the Naked, wisting those that are sick or in Prison; but much more does he labour to do Good to their Souls, as of the Ability which God giveth: To awaken those that sleep in Death; to bring those who are awaken'd to the atoning Blood, that being justified by FAITH, they may have Peace with God; and to provoke those who have Peace with God, to abound more in Love and in Good Works. And he is willing to spend and to be spent herein, even to be offered up on the Sacrifice

and Service of their Faith, fo they may all come unto

the Measure of the Stature of the Fulness of Christ.

17. These are the Principles and Practices of Our SECT; these are the Marks of a True Methodist. By these alone do those who are in Derision so called, desire to be distinguished from other Men. If any Man say, "Why these are only the Common, Fundamental Principles of Christianity!" Thou hast said: So I mean; this is the very Truth; I know they are no other; and I would to God both Thou and all Men knew, that I, and all who follow my Judgment, do vehemently refuse to be distinguished from other men, by any but the Common Principles of Christianity. The Plain, Old Christianity that I teach, renouncing and detesting all other Marks of Distinction. And whosoever is what I preach (let him be called what he will, for

Names change not the Nature of Things) he is a Christian, not in Name only, but in Heart and in Life. He is inwardly and outwardly conformed to the Will of God, as revealed in the Written Word. He thinks, speaks, and lives according to the Method laid down in the Revelation of Jesus Christ. His Soul is renew'd after the Image of GOD, in Righteousness and in all true Holiness. And having the Mind that was in Christ,

he fo walks as CHRIST also walked.

18. By these Marks, by these Fruits of a living Faith, do we labour to distinguish ourselves, from the Unbelieving World, from all those whose Minds or Lives are not according to the Gospel of Christ. But from Real Christians, of whatsoever Denomination they be, we earnestly defire not to be distinguished at all : Nor from any, who fincerely follow after what they know they have not yet attained. No: Whofoever doth the Will of my Father which is in Heaven, the Same is my Brother and Sifter and Mother. And I befeech You, Brethren, by the Mercies of God, that we be in no wife divided among ourselves. Is thy Heart right, as my Heart is with thine? I alk no farther Question. If it be, give me thy Hand. For Opinions, or Terms, let us not destroy the Work of God Dost thou love and ferve God? It is enough. I give thee the Right-hand of Fellowship. If there be any Confolation in CHRIST, if any Comfort of Love, if any fellowship of the Spirit, if any Bowels and Mercies: Let us firive together for the Faith of the Gofpel, walking worthy of the Vocation wherewith we are called; with all Lowliness and Meekness, with Long-juffering, forbearing one another in Love, endeavouring to keep the Unity of the Spirit, in the Eond of Peace: Remembring, there is One Body and One Spirit, even as we are called with one Hope of our Calling; One Lord, One Faith, One Baptism; one God and Father of All, who is above All, and thro' All, and in you All!

